

HIGH 5s AND THE ROLE OF PRIVATE SECTOR IN EURO-AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT

Ruggero Aricò Vice President







Confindustria Assafrica & Mediterraneo is part of the Confindustria (Confederation of italian industries), the most important organization of private companies in Italy

Confindustria Assafrica & Mediterraneo represents and <u>supports</u> Italian Companies
with business interests in **Africa**,
Mediterranean and Middle East

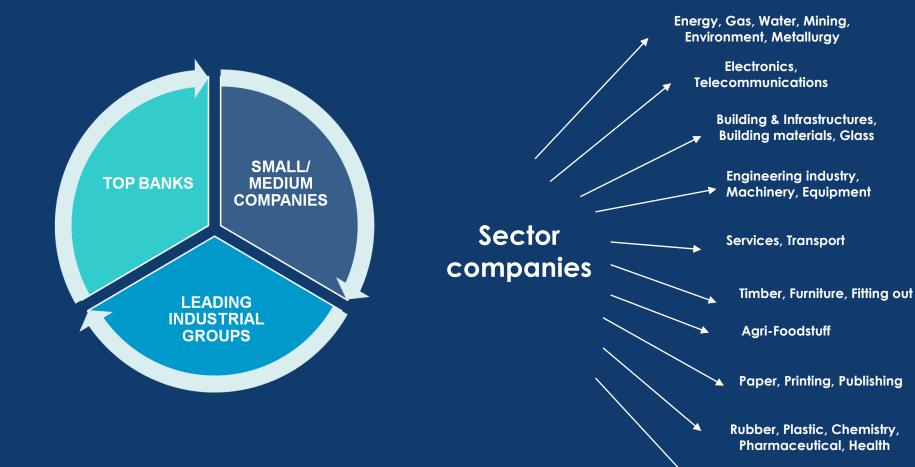
siness

Provides a wide range of services, supplying **business utilities**, companies <u>matchmaking</u>, business
partnerships, <u>monitoring</u> local <u>markets</u> and spreading updated **information**, **lobby** in the concerned area



OUR MEMBERSHIP

Textiles, Clothing, Leather

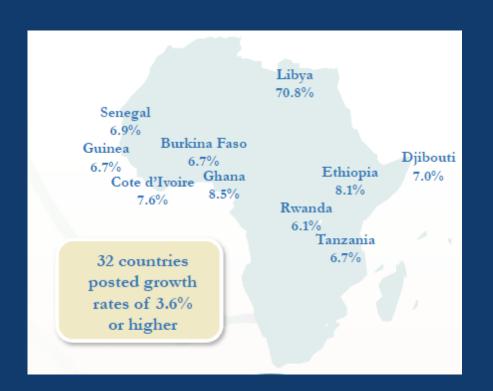


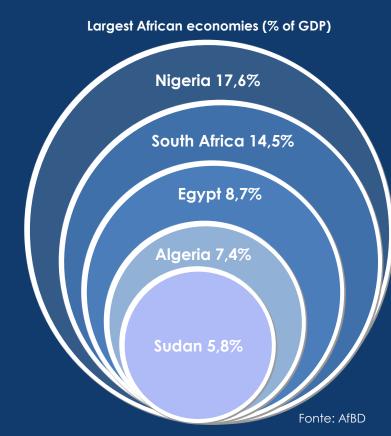




A PROMISING GROWTH OUTLOOK

Positive outlook for 2018 and 2019









Agenda 2063: The Africa We Want

Africa of free trade: Accelerate the transformation

the AfCFTA can increase intra-African trade by 52%

engage countries to remove tariffs on 90% of goods and to liberalize services

It will create a trade block of 1.23 billion people with a combined GDP of over \$ 2.5 trillion





THE HIGH 5s

Priority areas



1. Light up and power Africa

Over 645 million Africans do not have access to electricity, 700 million have no access to clean cooking energy, and 600,000 die each year from indoor pollution from reliance on biomass for cooking. Energy-sector bottlenecks and power shortages are estimated to cost about 2 to 4 percent of GDP annually, undermining economic growth, employment creation and investment

2. Feed Africa

Is an initiative to transform African agriculture into a globally competitive, inclusive and businessoriented sector - one that creates wealth, generates gainful employment, and improves quality of life

3. Integrate Africa

Regional integration is essential for expanding the size of African markets

4. Industrialise Africa

A persistent lack of industrialization is holding back Africa's economies, which remain largely dependent on sectors like agriculture and unprocessed commodities that add relatively little value, even though in absolute terms it is growing

5. Improve quality of life for the people of Africo

Africa's population is 1.2 billion and is projected to more than double by 2050, when it will comp rise one-fourth of the world's population. This growing working age population could drive Africa's economic transformation. It is necessary to improve the quality of life today and achieve inclusive growth. This means addressing the youth employment challenge





1. LIGHT UP AND POWER AFRICA

The High 5s

- The aspirational GOAL of this priority area is to help the Continent achieve universal electricity access by 2025 with a strong focus on encouraging clean and renewable energy solutions.
- This will require providing 160 GW of new capacity, 130 million new on-grid connections, 75 million new off-grid connections and providing 150 million households with access to clean cooking solutions.

To achieve these goals it is estimated that the investment needed will range between US \$60 billion and US \$90 billion per year.

In 2017, Africa reached 176,000
Megawatts (MW) of installed capacity, equivalent to close to 90% of Germany's capacity





2. FEED AFRICA

The High 5s



The overall GOAL of the Feed Africa priority is to make Africa a net food exporter by 2025



Africa, the world's last frontier



Transformation will involve mobilizing resources and capital, representing a significant opportunity for potential to drive inclusive and green growth actors along the value chains

65% of world's uncultivated grable land



10% of renewable water resources



Transforming an initial set of agricultural value chains will require approximately US \$280-340 billion over the next decade. Such an investment would likely create new markets worth US \$55-65 billion per year by 2025





3. INTEGRATE AFRICA

The High 5s



Increase infrastructure and ICT connectivity, trade and investments, financial markets development and integration





Strengthen trade corridors to enable business development, job creation and higher flows of goods, services and people



Create larger, more attractive and competitive markets, with higher productive capacity



Many governments have not worked enough with the private sector and others to develop and upgrade regional infrastructure





4. INDUSTRIALISE AFRICA

The High 5s

Strategic pillars



Fostering successful industrial policies



Catalyzing funding into infrastructure and industry projects



Espanding liquid capital markets



Promoting and driving small and medium enterprise development



Promoting strategies partnerships in Africa



Developing efficient industry clusters across the Continent

NOW IS THE TIME TO INDUSTRIALIZE

African countries must embark on a bold agenda driven by private sector-led investments in industrial transformation.





5. IMPROVE QUALITY OF LIFE FOR THE PEOPLE OF AFRICA

The High 5s

Jobs for Youth in Africa(JfYA) Strategy (2016-2025)



The objective of the JfYA strategy is to create 25 million jobs and train 32 million young people, Impacting 50 million African's over the next decade.



The initiative hopes to **generate US \$30 billion** in income gains for the African economy



The strategy aims to increase inclusive employment and entrepreneurship, strengthen human capital, and create durable labor market linkages by making use of three strategic levers: Innovation, Investment, and Integration

We aim to create vocational and employment schemes for the youth – so that they do not undertake the perilous journey across the Mediterranean to Europe – through such schemes as the 'Jobs for Africa's Youth' Initiative

– AfDB President, Akinwumi Adesina



The role of private sector

A quick look into the past



The ACP-EU Partnership Agreement, signed in Cotonou on 23 June 2000, was concluded for a 20 year period from 2000 to 2020.

Since 2000, it has been the framework for EU's relations with 79 countries from Africa, the Caribbean and the Pacific (ACP).

In 2010, ACP-EU cooperation has been adapted to new challenges such as climate change, food security, regional integration, State fragility and aid effectiveness.

Confindustria Assafrica and sister european Associations boosted private sector as main driver of development in EU policies, previuosly mainly focused on aid to ACP countries



The role of private sector

A quick look into the past



The ACP-EU Partnership Agreement, signed in Cotonou on 23 June 2000, was concluded for a 20 year period from 2000 to 2020.

Since 2000, it has been the framework for EU's relations with 79 countries from Africa, the Caribbean and the Pacific (ACP).

In 2010, ACP-EU cooperation has been adapted to new challenges such as climate change, food security, regional integration, State fragility and aid effectiveness.

Cotonou promotes dialogue and collaboration between state and non-state actors



PPT- Private Public Partnership



An effective entrepreneurial tool side by side

EU public policies for Development



The role of private sector

Now

AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK's priority focus areas in its partnership with the European Union



Local currency funding and private sector risk-sharing schemes

Private Sector development

SME financing for the underserved



The EUROPEAN UNION, through instruments like the European Investment Plan (EIP), is determined to strengthen partnership and promote a different model of participation with the private sector in Africa and the neighbourhood

- Not only working through a mechanism of financial guarantee
- But also closely collaborating with business stakeholders in order to improve investment climate

With a contribution of €4.1 billion from the European Commission, the External Investment Plan is expected to leverage more than €44 billion of investments by 2020



The role of ITALIAN private sector

OUR VISION

The Italian industrial model as tool for a sustainable jointed development Italy/Africa

SMESmall Medium Enterprise



Italy has **high-quality products** in agribusiness, energy, welfare, training & infrastructure

Industrial Machinery: Africa is foostering local transformation of commodities.

It means huge opportunities for the concerned Italian sector

African middle class considers Made in Italy
("bello e ben fatto"),
as "status symbol" of its increasing economic and social prosperity



For more information

e-mail: <u>info@assafrica.it</u> Website: <u>www.assafrica.it</u>





